MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Midway Fire District

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the pension trust fund of Midway Fire District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the pension trust fund of the District, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 1 and 7, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as well as Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68, as of October 1, 2014. These standards significantly changed the accounting for the District's net pension liability and the related disclosures. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund on page 32, and the schedules related to the pension liability and future benefits on pages 33 through 35, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Audit Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pensacola, Florida May 10, 2016

Warren averett, LLC

As management of Midway Fire District ("the District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,236,804 (net position). Of this amount of net position, \$1,220,918 represents the net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, fire trucks, and equipment) net of related debt, \$850,172 is restricted for future obligations, and the unrestricted portion, which may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, has a balance of \$165,714.
- The District's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$399,275, an increase of \$77,015.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$53,120 or 2% of the total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis intends to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Midway Fire District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government- wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. As permitted by GASB 34, the District has elected to present the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements in a combined presentation with a column containing the adjustments to reconcile the two financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflow of resources and liabilities, with reported net position being the amount assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes. The governmental activities of the District consist of public safety (fire suppression and emergency response). The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Midway Fire District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements. Found on pages 11 and 14 of this report are the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Midway Fire District maintains one governmental fund (General Fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund.

Midway Fire District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule is provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget on page 32 of this report.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District has one fiduciary fund (Pension Trust Fund). Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are found on pages 15 - 16 of this report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information, which is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Beginning on page 18 of this report are the notes to the financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The required supplementary information is found on pages 32 - 35 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$2,236,804 (net position) for the fiscal year ended 2015 as reported in the table on page 6.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position, \$1,220,918 (or 55%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, fire trucks, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets.

Midway Fire District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District reports the investment in its capital assets net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities			
				2014
		2015	(Restated)
Current and Other Assets	\$	417,152	\$	345,767
Capital Assets		3,428,759		3,128,188
Net pension asset		779,729		603,220
Total Assets		4,625,640		4,077,175
Employer retirement contributions		82,027		69,356
Deferred charge on refunding, net		87,094		106,203
Deferred Outflows of Resources		169,121		175,559
Other Liabilities		55,333		55,543
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		2,481,412		2,252,056
Total Liabilities		2,536,745		2,307,599
Difference between projected and				
actual earnings		21,212		_
Deferred Inflow of Resources		21,212		-
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		1,220,918		1,129,231
Restricted		850,172		610,676
Unrestricted		165,714		205,228
Net Position	\$	2,236,804	\$	1,945,135

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$291,669. Reported in the table below are the key elements of this increase.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014 (Restated)	
REVENUES			
Program revenues Charges for services Intergovernmental Licenses and fees	\$ 39,769 131,179 7,946	\$ 48,837 151,811 2,848	
General revenues Property taxes Impact fees Other revenue	2,399,489 105,510 60,014	2,271,266 34,316 33,004	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,743,907	2,542,082	
EXPENSES Primary government Public safety Debt service interest	2,390,283 61,955	2,430,645 53,858	
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,452,238	2,484,503	
Increase in net position	291,669	57,579	
NET POSITION BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment	1,945,135	1,214,980 672,576	
NET POSITION ENDING, AS RESTATED	\$ 2,236,804	\$ 1,945,135	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported ending fund balances of \$399,275, an increase of \$77,015 in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$53,120 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

Overall revenues increased approximately \$200,000 from 2014 to 2015. Even though the District maintained the millage rate at 1.75, the overall property tax revenue increased approximately \$128,000 due to increasing property values. In addition, due to a new residential development, impact fee revenue increased approximately \$71,000.

Public safety expenditures decreased approximately \$32,000 from 2014 due to the ongoing efforts of the District to maintain cost levels.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, total budgetary expenditures exceeded total budgetary revenue with beginning budgeted fund balance being used to balance the budget. The only modification to the preliminary budget is an adjustment to reflect the proceeds from the debt to support the capital outlay expenditure for the new fire engine.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

Midway Fire District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$3.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and fire trucks and vehicles. The additions to the District's capital assets for the current fiscal year were \$502,536 and the increase in accumulated depreciation totaled \$201,965.

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities														
	2015		2015		2015		2015		2015		2015		2015 201		2014
Land	\$	427,721	\$	427,721											
Buildings		2,124,053		2,199,410											
Improvements		33,694		27,460											
Equipment		103,215		30,590											
Fire trucks and vehicles		740,076		443,007											
Total	\$	3,428,759	\$	3,128,188											

Additional information on the capital assets of the District can be found in Note 3 of this report.

LONG -TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$2.4 million. All of the District's debt, with the exception of compensated absences, represents bank loans secured solely by specified property and non-ad valorem revenues. Midway Fire District has no general obligation or special assessment debt.

OUTSTANDING DEBT (Notes payable and Compensated Absence)

	Governmental Activities			
	2015			2014
Notes Payable	\$	2,207,841	\$	1,998,957
Compensated absence		273,571		253,099
Total	\$	2,481,412	\$	2,252,056

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District primarily relies upon property taxes, impact fees, and user fees to fund its activities. There are also a limited number of state shared revenues and recurring and non-recurring grants from both the state and federal government which provide funding for specific programs, projects, or activities.

The primary source of revenue for the District is property taxes. The approved millage rate for the fiscal year 2016 is 1.75 mills, and did not change from 2015.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's financial condition. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Financial Administrator, Midway Fire District, 1322 College Parkway, Gulf Breeze, FL 32563. Midway Fire District's website address is www.midwayfire.com. Inquiries may also be sent via email to the Financial Administrator at missy.scarborough@midwayfire.com.



MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	I	Balance Sheet	Adjustm	ents		tement of Position
ASSETS	_		_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	258,328	\$	-	\$	258,328
Investments		158,824		-		158,824
Accounts receivable		-		-		-
Capital assets			427	,721		427,721
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net		-	3,001	•		3,001,038
Net pension asset		-	•	,036 ,729	•	3,001,038 779,729
Net pension asset			113	,125	-	113,123
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	417,152	4,208	,488		4,625,640
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Employer retirement contributions			82	,027		82,027
Deferred charge on refunding, net			87	,094		87,094
			169	,121		169,121
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	4,762		_		4,762
Accrued liabilities		13,115		_		13,115
Accrued interest		, -	37	,456		37,456
Non-current liabilities						
Due within one year						
Notes payable		-	252	,840		252,840
Due in more than one year						
Compensated absences		-	273	,571		273,571
Notes payable			1,955	,001		1,955,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,877	2,518	,868		2,536,745
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on plan investments			21	,212		21,212
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION						
Fund Balance						
Restricted for capital expenditures		70,443	(70	,443)		
Assigned		275,712	•	,712)		
Unassigned		53,120		,120)		
Total fund balance		399,275	(399	,275)		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	417,152				
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets			1,220			1,220,918
Restricted - impact fees/net pension asset				,172		850,172
Unrestricted				,714		165,714
Total Net Position			\$ 2,236	,804	\$ 2	2,236,804

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Fund balance, general fund (page 11)		\$	399,275
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the general fund. Governmental non-depreciable assets Governmental depreciable assets Less accumulated depreciation	427,721 5,510,033 (2,508,995)		3,428,759
The deferred charge on debt refunding is not an asset of the general fund but is considered a deferred outflow on Statement of Net Position.			87,094
Deferred outflows are reported for employer retirement contributions made during the year which are subsequent to the pension plan measurement date.			82,027
Deferred inflows are reported for the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.			(21,212)
The net position of the pension trust fund is greater than the total pension liability; therefore a net pension asset exists. This asset is not reported in the general fund.			779,729
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the general fund. Notes payable Accrued interest Compensated absences	(2,207,841) (37,456) (273,571)	(2,518,868)
Net position of governmental activities (page 11)		\$	2,236,804

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

REVENUES	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
	\$ 2,399,489	\$ -	\$ 2,399,489
Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues	131,179	φ -	131,179
Impact fees	105,510	-	105,510
Charges for services	•	-	•
Licenses and fees income	39,769	-	39,769
Interest income	7,946	-	7,946
	1,319	-	1,319
Miscellaneous income	58,695		58,695
Total revenues	2,743,907		2,743,907
EXPENDITURES Current Public safety - fire protection			
Personal services	1,821,307	(147,496)	1,673,811
Operating expenditures	495,398	-	495,398
Depreciation and amortization	-	221,074	221,074
Capital outlay	502,536	(502,536)	
Debt service	002,000	(002,000)	
Principal	211,116	(211,116)	_
Interest	56,535	5,420	61,955
merest	00,000	0,420	01,333
Total expenditures	3,086,892	(634,654)	2,452,238
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(342,985)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Proceeds from note payable	420,000	(420,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	77,015		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			291,669
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION: BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	322,260		1,945,135
END OF YEAR	\$ 399,275		\$ 2,236,804

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net change in fund balance - general fund (page 13)		\$ 77,015
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
The general fund reports capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated/amortized over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Expenditures for capital assets	502,536	
Less current year depreciation	(201,965)	300,571
Current year employer contributions to the pension plan are reported as expenditures in the general fund but are reported as deferred outflows in the statement of net position.		82,027
Pension expense in the statement of activities takes into consideration the change in the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows.		85,941
The general fund does not report capital assets on the balance sheet; however, they are reported in the government wide financial statements. Accordingly, proceeds received for disposals of capital assets are shown as income on the governmental financial statements and a gain or loss is reported in the statement of activities.		
Disposals of capital assets	(362,686)	
Accumulated depreciation associated with disposals	362,686	-
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the general fund, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the general fund. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, the general fund reports the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Proceeds for issuance of note payable	(420,000)	
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	(19,109)	
Principal payments	211,116	(227,993)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the general fund.		
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	(5,420)	
Change in long-term compensated absences	(20,472)	(25,892)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 13)		\$ 291,669

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS Investments, at fair value Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 3,584,549 23,138 53,279
TOTAL ASSETS	3,660,966
LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 3,660,966

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ADDITIONS	
Contributions Employer	\$ 82,027
Plan members	58,443
State of Florida	175,557
Total contributions	316,027
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(6,089)
Less investment expense	(7,003)
Net investment income (loss)	(13,092)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	302,935
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative expenses	7,236
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	7,236
NET INCREASE IN NET POSITION	295,699
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,365,267
END OF YEAR	\$ 3,660,966

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Midway Fire District (the "District") is a body corporate and politic, created pursuant to Chapter 82-377, Laws of Florida in 1982, as amended in 1997 by House Bill 1741 of the Florida House of Representatives and in 2003 by Chapter 2003-364, Laws of Florida, House Bill 1225 of the Florida House of Representatives. The purpose of the District is to raise funds for the operations of the Midway Fire Department (the "Department") through the levy of ad valorem taxes on property within the District. The District is served by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected at large from the residents of the District. The District is authorized to provide equipment and funds to the Department and to enter into debt agreements on its behalf.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The following is a summary of the District's accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

A. The Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present Midway Fire District as the primary government. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has concluded there are no component units which are required to be included in these financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include presentations of both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. Since only one governmental fund is utilized, there is no interfund activity which requires elimination. Governmental activities of the District are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. There are no business-type activities conducted by the District which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

As permitted by GAAP, the District has elected to present the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements in a combined presentation with a column containing the adjustments to reconcile the two financial statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for the general fund and the fiduciary fund, even though the fiduciary fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – Continued

The following two broad classifications are used to categorize the fund types used by the District:

Governmental

Governmental funds focus on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources). The District has only one governmental fund, the General Fund, which is the District's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fiduciary

Fiduciary funds are used to account for the assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The District has one type of fiduciary fund, the Pension Trust Fund, which reports the resources required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the defined benefit pension plan administered by the Midway Fire District Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Board of Trustees.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for certain grant revenues which are recognized as revenues in the same period the grant expenditures occurred, or, when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue recognition criteria for property taxes requires that property taxes expected to be collected within sixty days of the current period be accrued. No accrual has been made for fiscal year 2016 ad valorem taxes because property taxes are not legally due until subsequent to the end of the fiscal year.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when earned and expenses when incurred. The pension trust fund is used to account for the assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for the pension plan's participants.

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Plan contributions to the pension trust fund are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance or Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, prescribes certain allowable investments including the Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, or direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The District's general fund investments are invested in the Florida PRIME, operated by Florida's State Board of Administration ("SBA"). The SBA is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code ("FAC"). The FAC provides guidance and establishes the general operating procedures for the administration of the Florida PRIME. The Florida PRIME is a "2A-7 like" pool and the reported investment balance is equal to the value of the pooled shares. The Florida Auditor General performs an operational audit of activities and investments of the SBA.

Florida PRIME manages credit risk by purchasing only high quality securities and monitors the credit risks of its portfolio securities on an ongoing basis by reviewing periodic financial data, issuer news and developments, and ratings of certain nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Florida PRIME manages interest rate risk by purchasing only short-term fixed income securities.

Investments of the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund are invested with the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT), which is managed by the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF). The FMIvT is a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and, therefore, considered an external investment pool. The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund has a beneficial interest in the shares of the FMIvT portfolio, not in the individual securities held within the portfolio. The Midway Fire District has adopted the investment policy of the FMPTF as the investment policy for the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund. Under this policy, a wide array of investments are allowable.

- 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED
- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance or Net Position -- Continued

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District capitalizes assets that have an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial cost greater than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

Capital Assets

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	5-40 Years
Improvements	5-10 Years
Equipment & apparatuses	2-10 Years
Fire trucks & vehicles	5-15 Years

Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item relates to the employer retirement contributions made during the reporting period, subsequent to the measurement period. This item is further disclosed in Note 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The only item that qualifies for reporting as a deferred inflow is the difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension investments. This item is further disclosed in Note 7.

- 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED
- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance or Net Position -- Continued

Compensated Absences

The District allows employees to accumulate sick and vacation leave benefits which will be paid upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements when the benefits are earned. For governmental funds, these expenditures are recognized when payments are made to the employees.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balances are reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", as either non-spendable or as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the use of these fund balances.

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net investments in capital assets reflects the portion of net position which is associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. Restricted net position consists of \$70,443 for impact fees which may only be used for growth necessitated capital expenditures; and \$779,729 relates to the net pension asset. Unrestricted net position represents the portion of net position that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets (net of related debt).

Pension Plan

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71 *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. These statements create disclosure and reporting requirements that may or may not be consistent with the basis used for funding the plan. As a result, a net pension asset equal to the difference between the actuarial present value of projected benefits to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was recognized. Additionally, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources were recognized from changes in the components of the net pension asset. See notes 7 and 10 for more information.

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

F. Property Tax

The Santa Rosa County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the District. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date of assessment and remain in effect until discharge by payment. Taxes are payable when levied (on November 1, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll becomes available to the Tax Collector).

The following is the current property tax calendar:

Lien Date January 1, 2016
Levy Date November 1, 2016
Due Date November 1, 2016
Delinquent Date April 1, 2016

Beginning in November, discounts are granted of 1% for each month taxes are paid prior to the following March.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

The District's deposits at year-end were held by a financial institution designated as a "Qualified Public Depository" as defined by the State Treasurer. All deposits were fully insured through a combination of federal depository insurance and participation of the financial institution in the multiple financial institution collateral pool as specified in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Accordingly, risk of loss due to bank failure is not significant.

Investments

The types of allowable investments are restricted by state statutes, retirement fund plan documents, and other contractual agreements. A description of the requirements and the types of investments allowed is in Note 1-D.

General Fund

At September 30, 2015, the District had investments of \$158,824 with the Florida PRIME. The fair value of the District's position in Florida PRIME is the same as the value of the pool shares. In accordance with the regulation of "2a7-like" pools, the method used to determine the participants' share sold and redeemed is the amortized cost method.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Florida PRIME was not exposed to any foreign currency risk during the year ended September 30, 2015.

Security Lendina

The Florida PRIME did not participate in a securities lending program during the year ended September 30, 2015.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Credit Quality

The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard and Poors, and carries an AAAm rating.

Interest Rate Risk

As of September 30, 2015, the Florida PRIME portfolio's weighted average days to maturity (WAM) was 29 days. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME to interest rate changes.

Pension Trust Fund

The District is a participating employer of the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) which provides the District's pension plan with administrative and investment services. All employee pension plan assets are included in the trust's Master Trust Fund and are invested by the FMPTF through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT) for the benefit of the District, employees and beneficiaries. The FMIvT is Local Government Investment Pool and the District has a beneficial interest in FMIvT Portfolio A and not the individual securities held within the portfolio. Portfolio "A" strives for a ratio of 60% Equities/40% Fixed Income. These investments are reported at fair value within the pool. At September 30, 2015, the District's investment in the FMPTF was \$3,584,549.

Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk Information

Investment Funds	Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Credit Risk (Fitch <u>Rating)</u>	Interest Rate Risk (Years) Modified <u>Duration</u>	Interest Rate Risk (Years) - WAM
Fixed Income Fund				
FMIvT Broad Market High QualityBond	16.8%	AA/V4	4.43	5.98
FMIvT Core Plus	23.0%	Not Rated	2.58	5.41
Equity Portfolios FMIvT High Quality Growth FMIvT Large Cap Diversified Value FMIvT Russell 1000 Enhanced Index FMIvT Diverse Small to Mid Cap Equity FMIvT International Equity	7.9% 7.5% 22.9% 11.7% 9.4%	Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated		
Cash and Money Market Totals	0.8%	Not Rated		

3. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 427,721	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 427,721
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	427,721			427,721
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	3,049,296	-	-	3,049,296
Improvements	74,131	14,492	-	88,623
Equipment	462,968	84,884	(29,404)	518,448
Fire trucks and vehicles	1,783,788	403,160	(333,282)	1,853,666
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,370,183	502,536	(362,686)	5,510,033
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(849,886)	(75,357)	-	(925,243)
Improvements	(46,671)	(8,258)	-	(54,929)
Equipment	(432,378)	(12,259)	29,404	(415,233)
Fire trucks and vehicles	(1,340,781)	(106,091)	333,282	(1,113,590)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,669,716)	(201,965)	362,686	(2,508,995)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,700,467	300,571		3,001,038
Governmental activities, net	\$ 3,128,188	\$ 300,571	\$ -	\$ 3,428,759

Depreciation expense reported in the government-wide financial statement was \$201,965.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases insurance through commercial carriers to cover these risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

The District's worker's compensation is insured under a retrospectively rated policy in which the initial premium is adjusted based on actual experience during the period of coverage. Premiums are paid on the basis of the carrier's estimated cost of providing insurance to similar groups.

5. LINE OF CREDIT

The District has a line of credit up to \$500,000, secured by non-ad valorem revenues. This line of credit bears interest payable monthly at the 30 day LIBOR rate plus 2.50%. The maturity date of this line of credit is June 1, 2016. There were no draws during the year and there was no balance outstanding at September 30, 2015.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following table summarizes changes in long-term debt of the District for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Notes payable	\$1,998,957	\$420,000	\$ (211,116)	\$ 2,207,841	\$ 252,840
Compensated absence	253,099	99,922	(79,450)	273,571	
Total governmental activities	\$2,252,056	\$519,922	\$ (290,566)	\$ 2,481,412	\$ 252,840

Annual Requirements to Amortize Debt Outstanding

The annual debt service requirements to maturity to retire notes payable are as follows:

	Notes Payable				
Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest			
2016	\$ 252,840	\$ 58,652			
2017	259,898	51,719			
2018	242,753	44,795			
2019	232,529	38,677			
2020	238,678	32,528			
Thereafter	981,143	80,037			
Total	\$ 2,207,841	\$ 306,408			

6. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

	Current	Long-Term	Total	
Notes Payable				
\$252,387 note payable to Regions Bank, due in monthly payments of \$3,368, including interest at 3.243%, payments began March 2011 and note will mature on February 8, 2018. Secured by non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 37,939	\$ 55,406	\$ 93,345	
\$2,220,978 refunding note payable to Suntrust Bank; due in annual payments of \$221,969 including interest at 2.54%, payments began January 2013 and note will mature on January 30, 2025. Secured by non-ad valorem revenues.	178,264	1,516,232	1,694,496	
\$420,000 note payable to Suntrust Bank; due in annual payments of \$49,237 including interest at 3.00%, payments began January 2015 and note will mature on January 13, 2025. This note is unsecured.	36,637	383,363	420,000	
	30,037	303,303	420,000	
Total Notes Payable	\$ 252,840	\$ 1,955,001	\$ 2,207,841	

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Plan Administration

Midway Fire District Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for the sole benefit of the firefighters of the District. The Pension Trust Fund was established in 1998 and is administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of five Trustees, two of whom are appointed by the Fire District Commission; two of whom are full-time Firefighters (members of the Plan) elected by a majority vote of the members of the Plan; and a fifth Trustee chosen by a majority of the first four Trustees. Participation is mandatory for all firefighters. The Plan operates under the provisions of Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, with administrative oversight provided by the Florida League of Cities. Chapter 175 establishes minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of the Plan. The financial activity of the Plan is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the District's fiduciary fund financial statements. The Plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to members. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone audited financial report.

Measurement Date for Pension Reporting

As permitted by GASB 68, the pension related amounts reported in the financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015 (employer reporting period) are based upon the net pension liability and the pension expense determined as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014 (the measurement date and the measurement period for the Plan).

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Date: The earlier of: 1) age 55 and the completion of 10 years of Credited Service, or 2) the attainment of age 52 and the completion of 25 years of credit service.

Benefit: 3.00% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service.

Early Retirement:

Date: Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Accrued benefit, reduced 3.0% per year.

Vestina:

Schedule: 100% after 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit Amount: Member will receive the vested portion of his (her) accrued benefit payable at the otherwise Normal Retirement Date.

Disability:

Eligibility Service Incurred: Covered from Date of Employment.

Eligibility Non-Service Incurred: 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of Average Final Compensation (Service Incurred) or 25% of Average Final Compensation (Not Service Incurred).

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested: Monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years at the otherwise Normal or Early Retirement Date.

Non-Vested: Refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2014:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Current Receiving Benefits	0
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	<u>25</u>
	27

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their base salary to the Plan. The State of Florida contributes a discretionary portion of the 1.85% excise tax imposed on insurance premiums on property within the District into the Plan. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The actuarially determined combined contribution rate for 2015 for both the State of Florida and the District was 20.3%, resulting in a total contribution rate of 25.3% of covered payroll.

Investments

The District's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2015 was a target allocation of 50% domestic equity, 10% international equities, and 40% fixed income.

Concentrations

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2014, the annual money weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 7.89 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The components of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the Sponsor based upon the measurement date of September 30, 2014 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,585,538
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ (3,365,267)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (779,729)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	130.16%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2014 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	5.50% - 10.00%
Discount Rate	7.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality rates are obtained from the RP 2000 Table – Sex Distinct. Management feels this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	6.87%
International Equity	6.48%
Fixed Income	2.70%

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		et Position (Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)		
Balances at September 30, 2013	\$	2,224,094	\$	2,827,314	\$	(603,220)	
Changes:							
Service cost		193,505		-		193,505	
Interest		169,188		-		169,188	
Contributions – employer		-		69,356		(69,356)	
Contributions – State		-		186,648		(186,648)	
Contributions – employee		-		53,377		(53,377)	
Net investment income		-		235,028		(235,028)	
Benefit payments, including							
Refunds of employee contributions		(1,249)		(1,249)		-	
Administrative expenses				(5,207)		5,207	
Net changes		361,444		537,953		(176,509)	
Balances at September 30, 2014							
(Measurement Date of 9/30/2014)	\$	2,585,538	\$	3,365,267	\$	(779,729)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount						
	1%	Decrease	Rate		1% Increase		
		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%	
Sponsor's Net Pension (Asset)	\$	(252.157)	\$	(779.729)	\$	(1.207.520)	

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the District recognized a pension expenditure of \$82,027 (employer contributions) in the fund level financial statements, and a reduction in pension expense of \$85,941 in the government- wide financial statements. On September 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following source:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$	82,027	\$	-	
on Pension Plan investments				21,212	
Total	\$	82,027	\$	21,212	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$82,027 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date (September 30, 2014), will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	Septem	her	30.
ı caı	cnucu	OCDICIII	וסטו	JU.

2016	\$	(5,303)
2017		(5,303)
2018		(5,303)
2019		(5,303)
	\$	(21,212)

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District may be contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management, there are no claims, either asserted or unasserted, which are likely to have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

9. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Fund balance at year end consists of the following:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. There were no non-spendable fund balances as of September 30, 2015.

Remaining fund balances are classified as follows depending on the District's ability to control the spending of these fund balances.

Restricted fund balances can only be used for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of September 30, 2015, the District had restricted fund balance in its General Fund, consisting of \$70,443 for future capital expenditures and improvements.

Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes imposed internally by the District's formal action of highest level of decision making authority. As of September 30, 2015, there were no committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are fund balances intended to be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the more formal criterion to be considered either restricted or committed. As of September 30, 2015, the District had \$272,712 of assigned fund balances related to the fiscal year 2016 budgeted use of fund balance.

Unassigned fund balances represent the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. As of September 30, 2015, the District had \$53,120 in unassigned fund balances.

10. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. (GASB 68) as well as Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 71), effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The primary objective of these statements are to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The District's implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71 in fiscal year 2015 required the District to restate the beginning net position as of October 1, 2014 by increasing it by \$672,576 for the effects of establishing the balances for the initial net pension asset totaling \$603,220 and the related deferred outflow of \$69,356 for employer contributions.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 2,479,639	\$ 2,479,639	\$ 2,399,489	\$ (80,150)
Intergovernmental	109,726	109,726	131,179	21,453
Impact fees	25,000	25,000	105,510	80,510
Charges for services	36,000	36,000	39,769	3,769
Licenses and fees income	-	-	7,946	7,946
Interest	1,200	1,200	1,319	119
Miscellaneous	22,800	22,800	58,695	35,895
Total revenues	2,674,365	2,674,365	2,743,907	69,542
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety				
Personal services	1,729,000	1,729,000	1,821,307	(92,307)
Operating expenditures	484,780	484,780	495,398	(10,618)
Capital outlay	50,000	464,750	502,536	(37,786)
Contingency	221,378	221,378	-	221,378
Debt service				
Principal	211,116	211,116	211,116	-
Interest	51,266	56,516	56,535	(19)
Total expenditures	2,747,540	3,167,540	3,086,892	80,648
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(73,175)	(493,175)	(342,985)	150,190
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from note payable	_	420,000	420,000	_
r roceeds from flote payable		420,000	420,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(73,175)	(73,175)	77,015	150,190
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF				
YEAR	73,175	73,175	322,260	249,085
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 399,275	\$ 399,275

See notes to required supplementary information.

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Measurement Date	9/30/2014	
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$	193,505
Interest		169,188
Change in benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		
contributions		(1,249)
Net change in total pension liability		361,444
Total pension liability – beginning		2,224,094
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	2,585,538
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions – employer	\$	69,356
Contributions – State		186,648
Contributions – employee		53,377
Net investment income		235,028
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		
contributions		(1,249)
Administrative expenses		(5,207)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		537,953
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		2,827,314
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	3,365,267
Net pension liability (asset) – ending (a) – (b)	\$	(779,729)
Plan fiduciary net position as a		
percentage of the total pension liability		130.16%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,028,400
Net pension liability (asset) as a		
percentage of covered employee payroll		76%

Notes to schedule:

This information is not available for previous years.

See notes to required supplementary information.

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	9/30/2015	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	208,742
State's contribution of excise tax on insurance premiums Employer		175,557 82,027
Total contributions to Plan		257,584
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(48,842)
Covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage		1,057,922
of covered employee payroll		24%

Notes to schedule:

This information is not available for previous years.

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

9/30/2014

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense

7.89%

Notes to schedule:

This information is not available for previous years.

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgets

Revenues and expenditures are controlled by a formal budget adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the District. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. The legal level of control for appropriations is exercised at the total expenditure level, including a ten-percent contingency. The tax rate in effect for the current year was 1.75 mills. The District may only increase the millage rate 2/10ths of a mill annually up to the State maximum allowed millage of 3.75 mills.

Budget workshops are held by the District to plan, review, and discuss the proposed budget prior to its advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation. Public hearings are conducted for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public. The final budget is adopted by District resolution. Any subsequent amendments must be enacted in the same manner as the original budget, except for individual line item transfers, which are approved by the Board of Commissioners.

MIDWAY FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Defined Benefit Pension

Valuation Date: October 1, 2011

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1,

which is three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions

are reported

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method: Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: N/A

Remaining Amortization: N/A

Actuarial Asset Method: Market Value of Assets

Inflation: 3.0% per year

Salary Increases: 7.0% per year until the retirement age assumed

Payroll Increases: None

Interest Rate:

7.5% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age: Earlier of 1) age 52 and 25 years of service, or 2) age 55 and 10 years of

service. Also, any member who has reached normal retirement age is

assumed to continue employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: It is assumed that members who are eligible for Early Retirement (age 50)

will retire at the rate of 5% per year.

Termination Rates: See Table Below.

Disability Rates: See Table Below.

Mortality: RP-2000 (sex distinct). Disableds are set forward 5 years.

Termination and Disability

Rate Tables:

Age	% Becoming Disabled during the Year	% Terminating during the Year
20	0.03%	6.00%
30	0.04%	5.00%
40	0.07%	2.60%
50	0.18%	0.80%



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Commissioners Midway Fire District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the statements of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the pension trust fund of Midway Fire District (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, where applicable, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Warren averett, LLC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pensacola, Florida May 10, 2016



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To The Board of Commissioners Midway Fire District

We have examined Midway Fire District's (hereinafter referred to as "the District") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Pensacola, Florida May 10, 2016

Warren averett, LLC



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To The Board of Commissioners Midway Fire District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Midway Fire District (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, if any, which are dated May 10, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit. No recommendations were made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the District is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units related to the District.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Financial Condition – Continued

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Warren averett, LLC

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida May 10, 2016